

GEORGE WADDLE.

[To accompany bill H. R. No. 464.]

MAY 26, 1842.

Mr. STRATTON, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, made the following

REPORT:

*The Committee on Invalid Pensions, to which were referred the papers of George Waddle, report:*

The petitioner states that he enlisted in the United States service in the month of June, 1813, under Ensign James Woods, of the 24th infantry. He subsequently went, under the command of Lieut. John Stuart and Capt. Baker, to Malden, Sandwich, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara, assisted at the burning of Fort George, and was taken prisoner at Niagara, on the 19th December, 1813. In this engagement he received a bayonet wound from the enemy in his left hip, which disabled him from walking for some time. He has never been exempt from pain, and now, as he grows old, the pain and disability increase.

The statement above made is substantiated by Richard M. Woods, the recruiting officer, Sarah Grubb, the daughter of petitioner, and John Kerbaugh. The latter served with petitioner in the same company, and examined the wound after the engagement, when he was likewise taken prisoner, and conveyed to Montreal. Two surgeons, (viz: John A. Caldwell and Ebenezer Thompson,) after describing the nature and character of the wound, state the disability to be one-half. The Hon. Thos. D. Arnold certifies to the integrity of the witnesses, Woods and Kerbaugh. The evidence is duly authenticated; and the committee therefore report a bill for the relief of the petitioner.

GEORGE WADDLE

[To accompany bill H. R. No. 451]

MAY 28, 1842

REPORT

of the Committee on Invalid Pensions, made the following

The Committee on Invalid Pensions, to which were referred the papers of George Waddle, report:

The petitioner states that he enlisted in the United States service in the month of June, 1813, under Francis James Woods, of the 24th infantry. He subsequently went, under the command of Lieut. John Stuart and Capt. Baker, to Malden, Sandwich, Detroit, Hopedale, Niagara, and the battle of Fort George, and was taken prisoner at Niagara, on the 19th of December, 1813. In this engagement he received a bayonet wound from the enemy in his left hip, which disabled him from walking for some time. He has never been exempt from pain, and now, as he grows old, the pain and disability increase.

The statement above made is substantiated by Richard M. Woods, the commanding officer, Sarah Grubb, the daughter of petitioner, and John Delaney. The latter served with petitioner in the same company, and examined the wound after the engagement, when he was likewise taken prisoner, and conveyed to Montreal. Two surgeons (viz: John A. Caldwell and Ebenezer Thompson,) after describing the nature and character of the wound, state the disability to be one-half. The Hon. Thos. D. Arnold certifies to the integrity of the witnesses, Woods and Kerdragh, and the evidence is duly authenticated; and the committee therefore report in favor of the relief of the petitioner.